*Annex*

*Resolution № IOFS/GA/1-12-2019*

*on report on the 5-year Action Plan*

*(adopted by the 1st IOFS General Assembly)*

**EXPLANATORY NOTE**

In line with the report on the 5-year Action Plan (adopted by the 1st IOFS General Assembly), the database on State of Food Security in OIC member states, which will cover ensuring of food balance among the IOFS member-states, to be elaborated.

IOFS food security analysis needs to be done at the organizational level for comparing the indicators of all Member States. However, food security is being formed, first of all, at the country level, which makes it possible to ensure national food security on a country-wide level so that it is possible to form the deficit and surplus levels of each country separately.

The elaborated model is based on a universal methodology for assessing food security at the country level of the economy, which distinguishing features are its complexity and universality, which allows for holding a comparative analysis of the level of food security in individual countries, taking into account IOFS requirements.

Food security should be based on four principles: the availability of sufficient quantities of food products; economic affordability of food; consumption of the required amount of food in accordance with dietary standards; stable access to quality and safe food.

Assessment of food security at the macroeconomic level is carried out by analyzing food self-sufficiency, determining the degree of physical and economic affordability of food for the population.

The effectiveness of agri-food policy cannot be assessed as a single indicator, since, along with ensuring food security, it includes a number of independent areas: the development of agricultural production, improving the living standards of the rural population, and the growth of incomes of agricultural producers. In this regard, assessment of the effectiveness of agri-food policy should include a detailed analysis of various areas using specialized assessment indicators.

The ultimate goal of the platform is the ability to use a structurally functional approach to data analysis. To carry out all the stages, it implies the introduction of uniform data collection forms for all participating countries, which allows for collecting all the necessary data on the structures that directly affect the food security of each individual participating country, as well as at the macro level for the entire IOFS.